Levels and trends of antimicrobial resistance in Campylobacter spp. from chicken in the UK

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Abbreviations

Acronym	Definition of term
AMR	Antimicrobial resistance With terms used to describe the antimicrobial resistance levels according to EU zoonoses reports (EFSA, 2018), defined as: Rare: less than 0.1 % Very low: 0.1 % to 1.0 % Low: more than 1.0 % to 10.0 % Moderate: more than 10.0 % to 20.0 % High: more than 20.0 % to 50.0 % Very high: more than 50.0 % to 70.0 % Extremely high: more than 70.0 %
BPC	British Poultry Council
Broiler	Chicken reared for meat
°C	Degrees Celsius
GBRU	Gastrointestinal Bacteria Reference unit
Cfu	Colony forming units
CI	Confidence Interval
CIP	Ciprofloxacin
ECOFF	Epidemiological Cut Off value (with respect to antimicrobial resistance)
ERY	Erythromycin
EU	European Union
FSA	Food Standards Agency
FSS	Food Standards Scotland
G	Gram
GEN	Gentamicin
HP-CIA	High Priority Critically Important Antibiotics
Н	Hours
ISO	International Organisation for Standardisation
L	Litre
mCCDA	modified Charcoal Cefoperazone Deoxycholate Agar
MIC	Minimum Inhibitory Concentration
mg	Milligram
NA	Not applicable
NAL	Nalidixic Acid
RUMA	Responsible use of medicines in Agriculture Alliance
spp.	Species
STR	Streptomycin
TET	Tetracycline
UKAS	United Kingdom Accreditation Service
UKHSA	UK Healthy Security Agency (formerly Public Health England)
wgs	Whole Genome Sequencing