

1. Other Products – scope

Products which are treated within the same labelling provisions as Still Wine but require the category description to appear on the label.

These include Liqueur Wine, Semi-sparkling wine, aerated semi-sparkling wine and Grape Must in Fermentation (Partially fermented grape must).

2. Definitions in EC regulations

(full criteria given in Regulation 1234/2007)

- Liqueur Wine
wine and/or grape must with added alcohol, with actual alcoholic strength 15-22% vol.
- Grape Must in Fermentation (Partially fermented grape must)
fermented grape must which has an actual alcoholic strength more than 1% vol but less than three fifths of total alcoholic strength (with residual sugar). Often applies to products produced in the EU with less than minimum actual alcoholic strength for wine, though some wines with Protected Designation of Origin are exempt.
- Semi-sparkling wine
Actual alcoholic strength not less than 7%, total alcoholic strength not less than 9%. Excess pressure not less than 1 bar and not more than 2,5 bar at 20°C in closed containers from naturally produced carbon dioxide.
- Aerated semi-sparkling wine
As above, but made with carbon dioxide in solution, wholly or partially added.

3. Specific provisions

Subject to the same rules as Still Wines for Compulsory and Optional Particulars, with certain specific provisions.

- Wines with Protected designation of origin (PDO) or protected geographical origin (PGI)

Some Liqueur wines and semi sparkling wines with PDO or PGI are covered by specific provisions, where these differ from general provisions applying to Liqueur and semi sparkling wines.

These include some well known European Liqueur Wines, such as Port, Sherry, Madeira which do not require the expression “protected designation of origin” to be shown.

Specific traditional term

A specific traditional term may replace the standard category description (Liqueur Wine, semi-sparkling wine, partially fermented grape must) e.g. Appellation Contrôlée accompanied by a geographical indication. A list is shown on the EC eBacchus website.

Other traditional terms

These included specific production methods or styles e.g. Fino (Sherry), Vintage (Port) which are protected for countries listed on the eBacchus website or allowed through bilateral Agreements with Third Countries.

- Sales Description

the sales description “Aerated semi-sparkling wine” must be accompanied by expression “obtained by adding carbon dioxide” in same type and size lettering. (There is a similar provision for Aerated Sparkling Wine – see Sparkling Wines).

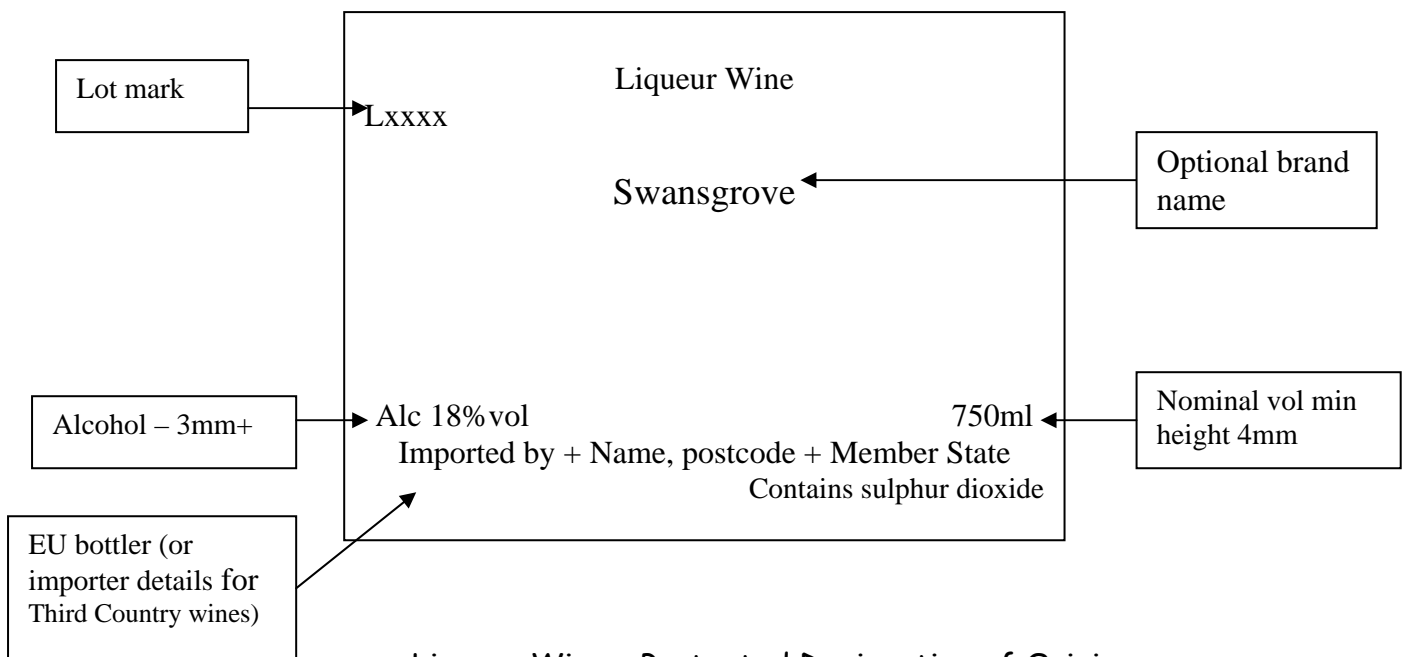
eBacchus website

<http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/markets/wine/e-bacchus/index.cfm?event=pwelcome&language=EN>

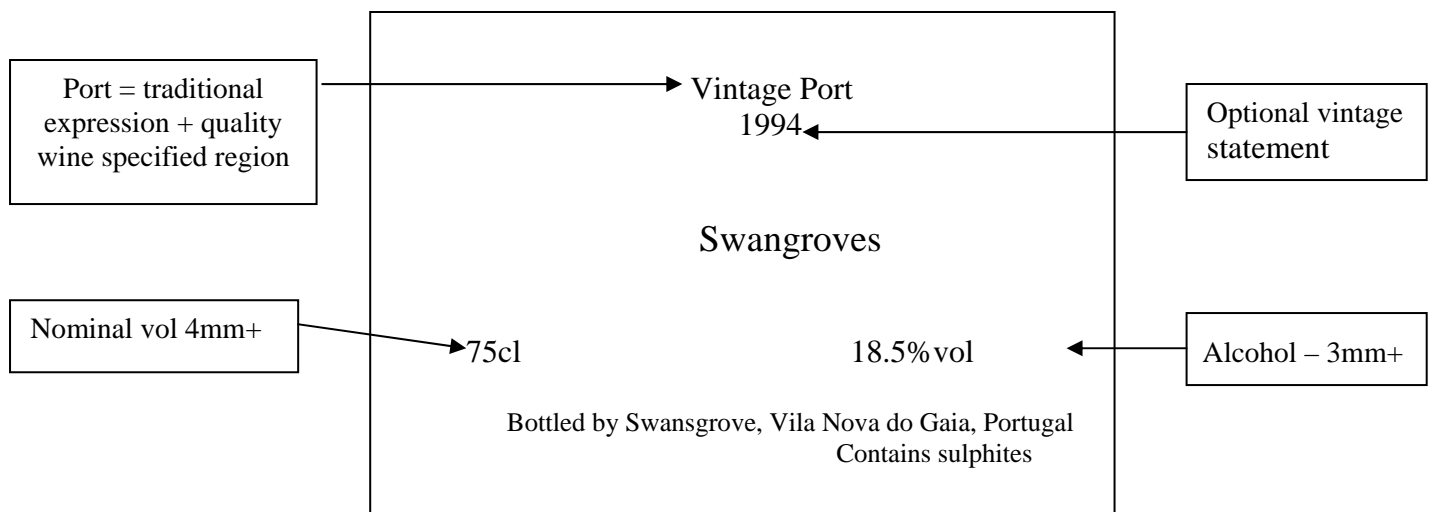
This information is provided for guidance and is not definitive.

Legal sources Regulation 1234/2007 and Regulation 607/2009

Liqueur Wine label



Liqueur Wine - Protected Designation of Origin



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 Legal sources Regulation 1234/2007 and Regulation 607/2009